## Cornelis VAN DER MEE, Spring 2008, Math 3330, Exam 4

Name:
Grade:
Rank:
To receive full credit, show all of your work. Neither calculators nor computers are allowed.

| ex.1 | ex.2 | ex.3 | ex.4 | ex.5 | ex.6 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 |
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1. Compute the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{rr}
7 & -3 \\
-1 & 9
\end{array}\right) .
$$

Use this information to diagonalize the matrix $A$ if possible. Otherwise indicate why diagonalization is not possible.
2. Find a $2 \times 2$ matrix $A$ such that $\binom{1}{2}$ and $\binom{2}{3}$ are eigenvectors of $A$, with eigenvalues 3 and 2 , respectively.
3. Consider the discrete dynamical system

$$
x(n+1)=A x(n), \quad n=0,1,2,3, \ldots,
$$

where

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
2 & -1 \\
2 & -1
\end{array}\right), \quad x(0)=\binom{2}{1} .
$$

a. Write $x(0)$ as a linear combination of eigenvectors of $A$.
b. Compute $x(n)$ for $n=1,2,3, \ldots$.
4. Find all eigenvalues (real and complex) of the matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{rrr}
0 & 0 & -2 \\
1 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 2
\end{array}\right) .
$$

Explain why or why not the matrix $A$ is diagonalizable. Solution: The
5. Compute the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 7 & 4
\end{array}\right)
$$

Use this information to diagonalize the matrix $A$ if possible. Otherwise indicate why diagonalization is not possible.
6. Consider the matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{rrrr}
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
4 & 0 & -3 & 0
\end{array}\right)
$$

a. Compute the eigenvalues (real and complex) of the matrix $A$.
b. Explain why or why not the matrix $A$ is diagonalizable.
c. Explain why your result is in full agreement with the values of $\operatorname{Tr}(A)$ and $\operatorname{det}(A)$.

