

ENERGETIC BOUNDARY ELEMENT METHOD FOR 3D ELASTODYNAMICS

A. Aimi, **L. Desiderio**, H. Gimperlein, and C. Guardasoni
DSMFI, University of Parma, Italy
luca.desiderio@unipr.it

We consider a boundary integral reformulation of 3D time-domain elastodynamic (vector) wave problems, defined in unbounded domains external to an open polyhedral screen, endowed with a Dirichlet type boundary and null initial conditions. For the resolution of the corresponding Boundary Integral Equation, we use the space-time energetic Galerkin Boundary Element Method (introduced for the first time in [1]) with double analytical integration in time variable. The resulting weakly singular double integrals in space variables are then evaluated by inner analytical and outer numerical integrations [2]. In the presented numerical examples, graded meshes are used to recover the quasi-optimal approximation convergence rates known for screens and for polygonal domains in 3D [3] and the singular behaviour of the solutions from corners and edges.

References

- [1] A. Aimi, M. Diligenti, *A new space-time energetic formulation for wave propagation analysis in layered media by BEMs*, Int. J. Numer. Meth. Engng., 75(9) (2008), pp. 1102–1240.
- [2] A. Aimi, L. Desiderio, S. Dallospedale, C. Guardasoni, *A space-time Energetic BIE method for 3D Elastodynamics. The Dirichlet case.*, Comput. Mech., (2023), to appear.
- [3] A. Aimi, G. Di Credico, H. Gimperlein, E.P. Stephan, *Higher-order time domain boundary elements for elastodynamics - graded meshes and hp versions.*, Numer. Math., (2023), under review.